Exhibit W. Gateway II Site Soils Conservation Service Map

30° 14' 25"

30° 14' 23"

688600 688800 689000 689200 689400 689600 689800 690000 690200 690400 690600 690800 691000 691200 691400

3347000

3346800

3346600

3346400

3346200

3346000

3345800

3345600

3345400

Sf

Ga

Cm

Sa

Cm

Ca

Sa

W

Cv

Sc

New River

Ca

Es

SITE

Sa

Co

Gateway Dr

Terminal Ct

Cm

Cm

Sc

Cm

Louis White Rd

30° 13' 30"

30° 13' 28"
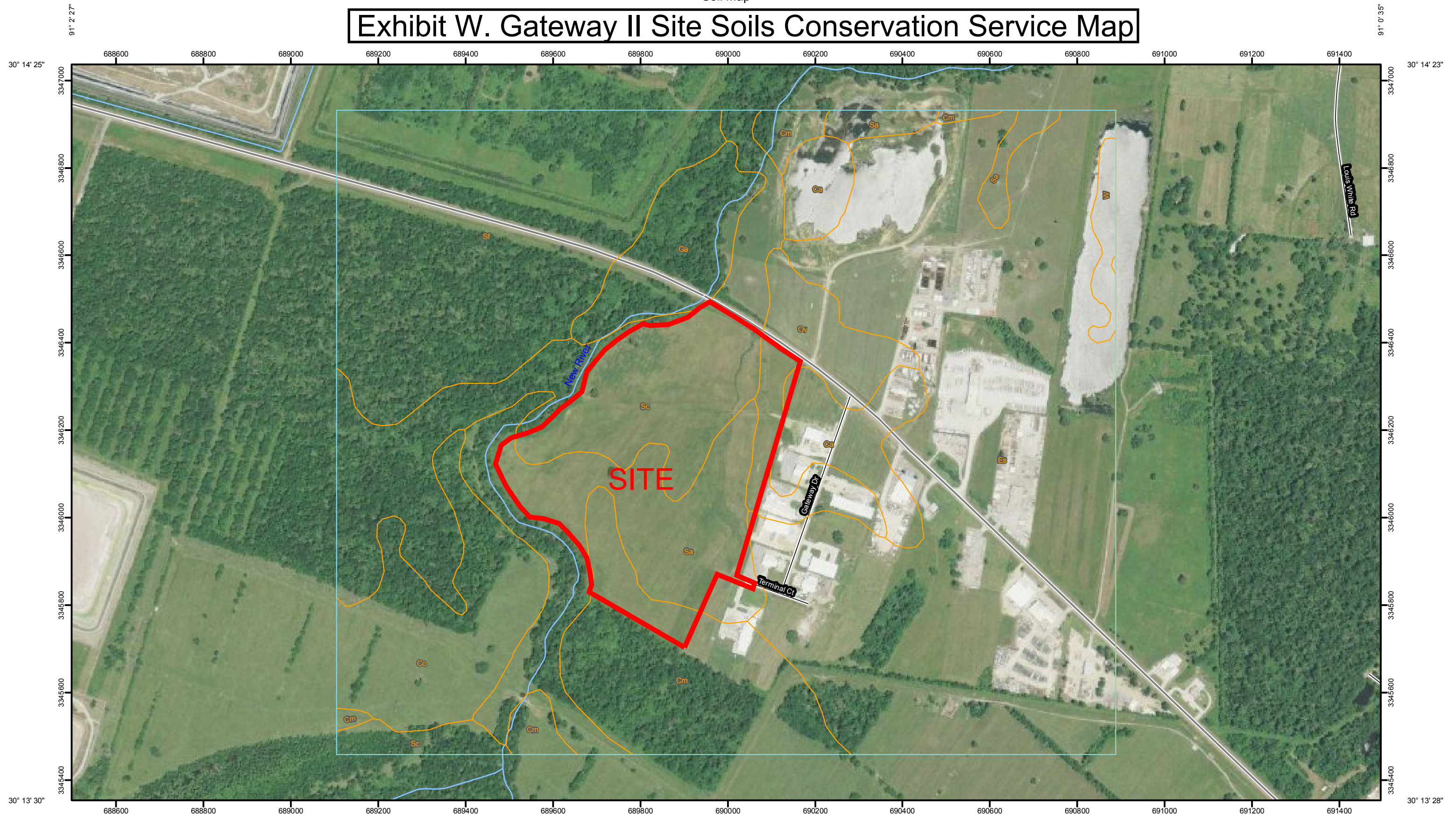
Map Scale: 1:8,280 if printed on B size (11" x 17") sheet.

N

Meters
0   100   200   400   600

Feet
0   500   1,000   2,000   3,000
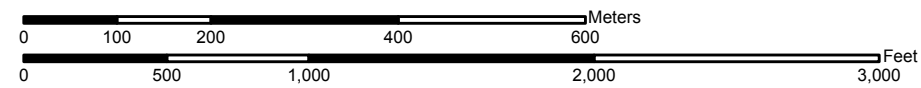
MAP LEGEND

Area of Interest (AOI)
☐ Area of Interest (AOI)

Soils
☐ Soil Map Units

Special Point Features
⊙ Blowout
⊠ Borrow Pit
※ Clay Spot
◆ Closed Depression
✕ Gravel Pit
∴ Gravelly Spot
⊖ Landfill
Λ Lava Flow
⊥ Marsh or swamp
✖ Mine or Quarry
◎ Miscellaneous Water
◉ Perennial Water
ⱽ Rock Outcrop
+ Saline Spot
∷ Sandy Spot
≡ Severely Eroded Spot
◇ Sinkhole
⅗ Slide or Slip
∅ Sodic Spot
≣ Spoil Area
◊ Stony Spot

Ⓜ Very Stony Spot
Ψ Wet Spot
▲ Other

Special Line Features
⌇ Gully
⋯ Short Steep Slope
⌁ Other

Political Features
● Cities

Water Features
∿ Streams and Canals

Transportation
╫ Rails
〜 Interstate Highways
〜 US Routes
≈ Major Roads
≋ Local Roads

MAP INFORMATION

Map Scale: 1:8,280 if printed on B size (11" × 17") sheet.

The soil surveys that comprise your AOI were mapped at 1:24,000.

Please rely on the bar scale on each map sheet for accurate map measurements.

Source of Map: Natural Resources Conservation Service
Web Soil Survey URL: http://websoilsurvey.nrcs.usda.gov
Coordinate System: UTM Zone 15N NAD83

This product is generated from the USDA-NRCS certified data as of the version date(s) listed below.

Soil Survey Area: Ascension Parish, Louisiana
Survey Area Data: Version 9, Sep 27, 2012

Date(s) aerial images were photographed: Data not available.

The orthophoto or other base map on which the soil lines were compiled and digitized probably differs from the background imagery displayed on these maps. As a result, some minor shifting of map unit boundaries may be evident.

Map Unit Legend

Ascension Parish, Louisiana (LA005)			
Map Unit Symbol	**Map Unit Name**	**Acres in AOI**	**Percent of AOI**
Ca	Calhoun silt loam	26.3	4.1%
Cm	Commerce silt loam	55.9	8.6%
Co	Commerce silty clay loam	41.5	6.4%
Es	Essen silt loam	219.2	33.8%
Ga	Galvez silt loam	22.4	3.4%
Ov	Olivier silt loam	25.3	3.9%
Sa	Sharkey silty clay loam	63.8	9.8%
Sc	Sharkey clay	83.7	12.9%
Sf	Sharkey clay, frequently flooded	105.9	16.3%
W	Water	4.7	0.7%
Totals for Area of Interest		**648.7**	**100.0%**

Map Unit Descriptions

The map units delineated on the detailed soil maps in a soil survey represent the soils or miscellaneous areas in the survey area. The map unit descriptions, along with the maps, can be used to determine the composition and properties of a unit.

A map unit delineation on a soil map represents an area dominated by one or more major kinds of soil or miscellaneous areas. A map unit is identified and named according to the taxonomic classification of the dominant soils. Within a taxonomic class there are precisely defined limits for the properties of the soils. On the landscape, however, the soils are natural phenomena, and they have the characteristic variability of all natural phenomena. Thus, the range of some observed properties may extend beyond the limits defined for a taxonomic class. Areas of soils of a single taxonomic class rarely, if ever, can be mapped without including areas of other taxonomic classes. Consequently, every map unit is made up of the soils or miscellaneous areas for which it is named and some minor components that belong to taxonomic classes other than those of the major soils.

Most minor soils have properties similar to those of the dominant soil or soils in the map unit, and thus they do not affect use and management. These are called noncontrasting, or similar, components. They may or may not be mentioned in a particular map unit description. Other minor components, however, have properties and behavioral characteristics divergent enough to affect use or to require different management. These are called contrasting, or dissimilar, components. They generally are in small areas and could not be mapped separately because of the scale used. Some small areas of strongly contrasting soils or miscellaneous areas are identified by a special symbol on the maps. If included in the database for a given area, the contrasting minor components are identified in the map unit descriptions along with some characteristics of each. A few areas of minor components may not have been observed, and consequently they are not mentioned in the descriptions, especially